

## Huawei

## AP4051DN&AP4151DN

## **Access Points**

Datasheet



### Product Overview.....

Huawei AP4051DN and AP4151DN are new generation access point that support 802.11ac Wave 2, 2 x 2 MIMO, and two spatial streams. It provides comprehensive service support capabilities and features high reliability, high security, simple network deployment, automatic AC discovery and configuration, and real-time management and maintenance, which meets network deployment requirements. The AP complies with 802.11n and 802.11ac protocols and can provide gigabit access for wireless users., the AP4051DN and AP4151DN are applicable to commercial chains, medical, warehousing, manufacturing, and logistics environments.



AP4051DN AP4151DN

- 802.11ac Wave 2 standards compliance, MU-MIMO (2SU-2MU), delivering services simultaneously on 2.4G and 5G radios; at a rate of up to 400 Mbit/s at 2.4 GHz, 867 Mbit/s Mbit/s at 5 GHz, and 1.267 Gbit/s for the device.
- Dual Ethernet interfaces support link aggregation and traffic load balancing to ensure link reliability. Both of the two interfaces support the PoE in function.
- USB interface used for external power supply and storage.
- Supports the Fat, Fit, and cloud modes and enables Huawei cloud-based management platform to manage and operate APs and services on the APs, reducing network O&M costs.

### Feature Descriptions //

#### MU-MIMO

The AP supports MU-MIMO. MU-MIMO technology allows an AP to send data to multiple STAs at the same time (currently, most 802.11n/11ac Wave 1 APs can only send data to one STA simultaneously). The technology marks the start of the 802.11ac Wave 2 era.

#### **GE** access

The APs support the 80-MHz bandwidth mode. Frequency bandwidth increase brings extended channels and more sub-carriers for data transmission, and a 2.16-fold rate increase. Support for High Quadrature Amplitude Modulation (HQAM) at 256-QAM increases the 5 GHz radio rate to 867 Mbit/s and the AP rate to 1.267 Gbit/s.

### Cloud-based management

Huawei Cloud Managed Network (CMN) Solution consists of the cloud management platform and a full range of cloud managed network devices. The cloud management platform provides various functions including management of APs, tenants, applications, and licenses, network planning and optimization, device monitoring, network service configuration, and value-added services.

### **High Density Boost technology**

Huawei uses the following technologies to address challenges in high-density scenarios, including access problems, data congestion, and poor roaming experience:

#### • SmartRadio for air interface optimization

- Load balancing during smart roaming: The load balancing algorithm can work during smart roaming for load balancing detection among APs on the network after STA roaming to adjust the STA load on each AP, improving network stability.
- Intelligent DFA technology: The dynamic frequency assignment (DFA) algorithm is used to automatically detect adjacent-channel and co-channel interference, and identify any 2.4 GHz redundant radio. Through automatic inter-AP negotiation, the redundant radio is automatically switched to another mode (dual-5G AP models support 2.4G-to-5G switchover) or is disabled to reduce 2.4 GHz co-channel interference and increase the system capacity.
- Intelligent conflict optimization technology: The dynamic enhanced distributed channel access (EDCA) and airtime scheduling algorithms are used to schedule the channel occupation time and service priority of each user. This ensures that each user is assigned relatively equal time for using channel resources and user services are scheduled in an orderly manner, improving service processing efficiency and user experience.

### • Air interface performance optimization

In high-density scenarios where many users access the network, increased number of low-rate STAs consumes more resources on the air interface reduces the AP capacity, and lowers user experience. Therefore, Huawei APs will check the signal strength of STAs during access and rejects access from weak-signal STAs. At the same time, the APs monitor the rate of online STAs in real time and forcibly disconnect low-rate STAs so that the STAs can reassociate with APs that have stronger signals. The terminal access control technology can increase air interface use efficiency and allow access from more users.

#### • 5G-prior access (Band steering)

The APs support both 2.4G and 5G frequency bands. The 5G-prior access function enables an AP to steer STAs to the 5 GHz frequency band first, which reduces load and interference on the 2.4 GHz frequency band, improving the user experience.



### Wired and wireless dual security guarantee

To ensure data security, Huawei APs integrate wired and wireless security measures and provide comprehensive security protection.

- Authentication and encryption for wireless access
  - The APs support WEP, WPAWPA2—PSK, WPAWPA2—PPSK, WPAWPA2—802.1X, and WAPI authentication/encryption modes to ensure security of the wireless network. The authentication mechanism is used to authenticate user identities so that only authorized users can access network resources. The encryption mechanism is used to encrypt data transmitted over wireless links to ensure that the data can only be received and parsed by expected users.
- Analysis on non-Wi-Fi interference sources
  - Huawei APs can analyze the spectrum of non-Wi-Fi interference sources and identify them, including baby monitors, Bluetooth devices, digital cordless phones (at 2.4 GHz frequency band only), wireless audio transmitters (at both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency bands), wireless game controllers, and microwave ovens. Coupled with Huawei eSight, the precise locations of the interference sources can be detected, and the spectrum of them displayed, enabling the administrator to remove the interference in a timely manner.
- Rogue device monitoring
  - Huawei APs support WIDS/WIPS, and can monitor, identify, defend, counter, and perform refined management on the rogue devices, to provide security guarantees for air interface environment and wireless data transmission.
- AP access authentication and encryption
  - The AP access control ensures validity of APs. The CAPWAP link protection and DTLS encryption provide security assurance, improving data transmission security between the AP and the AC.

### Automatic radio calibration

Automatic radio calibration allows an AP to collect signal strength and channel parameters of surrounding APs and generate AP topology according to the collected data. Based on interference from authorized APs, rogue APs, and non-Wi-Fi interference sources, each AP automatically adjusts its transmit power and working channel to make the network operate at the optimal performance. In this way, network reliability and user experience are improved.

### Automatic application identification

Huawei APs support smart application control technology and can implement visualized control on Layer 4 to Layer 7 applications.

- Traffic identification
  - Coupled with Huawei ACs, the APs can identify over 1600 common applications in various office scenarios. Based on the identification results, policy control can be implemented on user services, including priority adjustment, scheduling, blocking, and rate limiting to ensure efficient bandwidth resource use and improve quality of key services.
- Traffic statistics collection
  - Traffic statistics of each application can be collected globally, by SSID, or by user, enabling the network administrator to know application use status on the network. The network administrator or operator can implement visualized control on service applications on smart terminals to enhance security and ensure effective bandwidth control.

Access Points

Datashee

Basic Specifications	. //
----------------------	------

## Hardware specifications

	Item	Description
	Dimensions (H x W x D)	35mm×170mm×170mm
Technical	Weight	AP4051DN:0.43kg AP4151DN:0.45kg
specifications	Interface type	2 x 10/100/1000M self-adaptive Ethernet interface (RJ45)  Console interface(RJ45 x 1)  1 x USB interface
	LED indicator	Indicates the power-on, startup, running, alarm, and fault status of the system.
Power	Power input	DC: $12 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ PoE power supply: in compliance with IEEE 802.3af/at (not support USB when in 802.3af)
specifications	Maximum power consumption	12.3W (excluding the output power of the USB port)  NOTE  The actual maximum power consumption depends on local laws and regulations.
	Operating temperature	-10°C to +50°C
	Storage temperature	−40°C to +70°C
Environmental specifications	Operating humidity	5% to 95% (non-condensing)
specifications	Altitude	-60 m to +5000 m
	Dustproof and waterproof grade	IP41
	Atmospheric pressure	53 kPa to 106 kPa
	Antenna type	AP4051DN:Built-in antennas (horizontal beamwidth 360°) AP4151DN:External antennas(horizontal beamwidth 360°)
Radio specifications	Antenna gain	AP4051DN: 5 dBi (2.4 GHz); 5 dBi (5 GHz) AP4151DN: 3.5 dBi (2.4 GHz); 4 dBi (5 GHz)
	Maximum number of SSIDs for each radio	≤ 16
	Maximum number of users	≤ 512  ■ NOTE  The actual number of users varies according to the environment.

# Huawei **AP4051DN&AP4151DN**Access Points Datas

ı	tem	Description
	Maximum transmit power	2.4G: 23 dBm (combined power) 5G: 23 dBm (combined power)  NOTE  The actual transmit power depends on local laws and regulations.
	Power increment	1 dBm
		2.4 GHz 802.11b: - 101dBm @ 1 Mbit/s; - 93dBm@ 11 Mbit/s
		2.4 GHz 802.11g: -94dBm @ 6 Mbit/s; -78dBm @ 54 Mbit/s
Radio		2.4 GHz 802.11n (HT20): -93 dBm @ MCS0; -75dBm @ MCS15
specifications		2.4 GHz 802.11n(HT40): -90 dBm @ MCS0; -72 dBm @ MCS15
		5 GHz 802.11a: -94 dBm @ 6 Mbit/s; -78dBm @ 54 Mbit/s
	Receiver sensitivity	5 GHz 802.11n (HT20): -94 dBm @ MCS0; -75 dBm @ MCS15
		5 GHz 802.11n (HT40): -91 dBm @ MCS0; -73dBm @ MCS15
		5 GHz 802.11ac (VHT20): -94 dBm @ MCS0NSS1; -71 dBm @ MCS8NSS2
		5 GHz 802.11ac (VHT40): -91 dBm @ MCS0NSS1; -67 dBm @ MCS9NSS2
		5 GHz 802.11ac (VHT80): -88 dBm @ MCS0NSS1; -64 dBm @ MCS9NSS2

Access Points

Datashee

### Basic Specifications //

## **Softwarespecifications**

### Fat/Fit AP mode

Item	Description
	Compliance with IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ac Wave 2
	Maximum rate: up to 1.267 Gbit/s
	Maximum ratio combining (MRC)
	Space time block code (STBC)
	Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD)/Cyclic Shift Diversity (CSD)
	Beamforming
	MU-MIMO
	Low-density parity-check (LDPC)
	Maximum-likelihood detection (MLD)
	Frame aggregation, including A-MPDU (Tx/Rx) and A-MSDU (Tx/Rx)
	802.11 dynamic frequency selection (DFS)
	Short guard interval (GI) in 20 MHz, 40 MHz, and 80 MHz modes
	Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding
	Automatic and manual rate adjustment
WLAN features	WLAN channel management and channel rate adjustment
	Automatic channel scanning and interference avoidance
	Service set identifier (SSID) hiding
	Signal sustain technology (SST)
	Unscheduled automatic power save delivery (U-APSD)
	Control and Provisioning of Wireless Access Points (CAPWAP) in Fit AP mode
	Automatic login in Fit AP mode
	Extended Service Set (ESS) in Fit AP mode
	Wireless distribution system (WDS) in Fit AP mode
	Mesh networking in Fit AP mode
	Multi-user CAC
	Hotspot2.0
	802.11k and 802.11v smart roaming
	802.11r fast roaming (≤ 50 ms)
	WAN authentication escape. In local forwarding mode, this function retains the online state of existing STAs and allows access of new STAs when APs are disconnected from an AC, ensuring service continuity.

/				

Item	Description					
	Compliance with IEEE 802.3ab					
	Auto-negotiation of the rate and duplex mode and automatic switchover between the Media Dependent Interface (MDI) and Media Dependent Interface Crossover (MDI-X)					
	Compliance with IEEE 802.1q					
	SSID-based VLAN assignment					
	VLAN trunk on uplink Ethernet ports					
	Management channel of the AP uplink port in tagged and untagged mode					
	DHCP client, obtaining IP addresses through DHCP					
	Tunnel data forwarding and direct data forwarding					
Network features	STA isolation in the same VLAN					
	Access control lists (ACLs)					
	Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)					
	Uninterrupted service forwarding upon CAPWAP channel disconnection in Fit AP mode					
	Unified authentication on the AC in Fit AP mode					
	AC dual-link backup in Fit AP mode					
	Network Address Translation (NAT) in Fat AP mode					
	IPv6 in Fit AP mode					
	Soft Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)					
	IPv6 Source Address Validation Improvements (SAVI)					
	Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding					
	WMM parameter management for each radio					
	WMM power saving					
	Priority mapping for upstream packets and flow-based mapping for downstream packets					
QoS features	Queue mapping and scheduling					
QO3 leatures	User-based bandwidth limiting					
	Adaptive bandwidth management (automatic bandwidth adjustment based on the user quantity and radio environment) to improve user experience					
	Smart Application Control (SAC) in Fit AP mode					
	Airtime scheduling					
	Support for Microsoft Lync APIs and high voice call quality through Lync API identification and scheduling					

# Huawei **AP4051DN&AP4151DN**Access Points Datash

Item	Description				
	Open system authentication				
	WEP authentication/encryption using a 64-bit, 128-bit, or 152-bit encryption key				
	WPA/WPA2-PSK authentication and encryption (WPA/WPA2 personal edition)				
	WPA/WPA2-802.1x authentication and encryption (WPA/WPA2 enterprise edition)				
	WPA-WPA2 hybrid authentication				
	WPA/WPA2-PPSK authentication and encryption in Fit AP mode				
	WAPI authentication and encryption				
Security features	Wireless intrusion detection system (WIDS) and wireless intrusion prevention system (WIPS), including rogue device detection and countermeasure, attack detection and dynamic blacklist, and STA/AP blacklist and whitelist				
	802.1x authentication, MAC address authentication, and Portal authentication				
	DHCP snooping				
	Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)				
	IP Source Guard (IPSG)				
	802.11w Protected Management Frames (PMFs)				
	Application identification				
	Unified management and maintenance on the AC in Fit AP mode				
	Automatic login and configuration loading, and plug-and-play (PnP) in Fit AP mode				
	WDS zero-configuration deployment in Fit AP mode				
	Mesh network zero-configuration deployment in Fit AP mode				
	Batch upgrade in Fit AP mode				
	Telnet				
Maintenance	STelnet using SSH v2				
features	SFTP using SSH v2				
	Local AP management through the serial interface				
	Web local AP management through HTTP or HTTPS in Fat AP mode				
	Real-time configuration monitoring and fast fault location using the NMS				
	SNMP v1/v2/v3 in Fat AP mode				
	System status alarm				
	Network Time Protocol (NTP) in Fat AP mode				
	NOTE				
	The AP supports bring your own device (BYOD) only in Fit AP mode.				
	Identifies the device type according to the organizationally unique identifier (OUI) in the MAC address.				
BYOD	Identifies the device type according to the user agent (UA) information in an HTTP packet.				
	Identifies the device type according to DHCP options.				
	The RADIUS server delivers packet forwarding, security, and QoS policies according to the device type carried in the RADIUS authentication and accounting packets.				

Item	Description
Location continu	NOTE The AP supports the locating service only in Fit AP mode.
Location service	Locates tags manufactured by AeroScout or Ekahau.  Locates Wi-Fi terminals.  Works with eSight to locate roque devices.
Spectrum analysis	NOTE  The AP supports spectrum analysis only in Fit AP mode.  Identifies interference sources such as baby monitors, Bluetooth devices, digital cordless phones (at 2.4 GHz frequency band only), wireless audio transmitters (at both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequency bands), wireless game controllers, and microwaves.  Works with eSight to perform spectrum analysis on interference sources.

### Cloud-based management mode

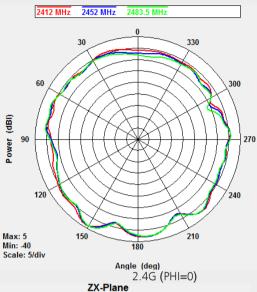
# Huawei **AP4051DN&AP4151DN**Access Points Datashe

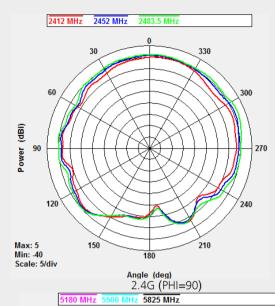
Item	Description				
	Compliance with IEEE 802.3ab				
	Auto-negotiation of the rate and duplex mode and automatic switchover between the Media Dependent Interface (MDI) and Media Dependent Interface Crossover (MDI-X)				
	Compliance with IEEE 802.1q				
	SSID-based VLAN assignment				
Network features	DHCP client, obtaining IP addresses through DHCP				
	STA isolation in the same VLAN				
	Access control lists (ACLs)				
	Unified authentication on the Agile Controller				
	Network Address Translation (NAT)				
	Priority mapping and packet scheduling based on a Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) profile to implement priority-based data processing and forwarding				
	WMM parameter management for each radio				
	WMM power saving				
QoS features	Priority mapping for upstream packets and flow-based mapping for downstream packets				
	Queue mapping and scheduling				
	User-based bandwidth limiting				
	Airtime scheduling				
	Open system authentication				
	WEP authentication/encryption using a 64-bit, 128-bit, or 152-bit encryption key				
	WPA/WPA2-PSK authentication and encryption (WPA/WPA2 personal edition)				
	WPA/WPA2-802.1x authentication and encryption (WPA/WPA2 enterprise edition)				
	WPA-WPA2 hybrid authentication				
Security features	WPA/WPA2-PPSK authentication and encryption				
	802.1x authentication, MAC address authentication, and Portal authentication				
	DHCP snooping				
	Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)				
	IP Source Guard (IPSG)				

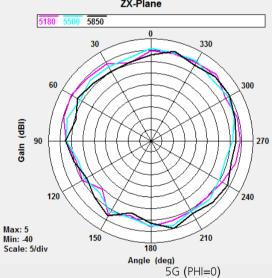
Unified management and maintenance on the Agile Controller Automatic login and configuration loading, and plug-and-play (PnP) Batch upgrade Telnet
STelnet using SSH v2  SFTP using SSH v2  Local AP management through the serial interface  Web local AP management through HTTP or HTTPS  Real-time configuration monitoring and fast fault location using the NMS  System status alarm  Network Time Protocol (NTP)
/  -     

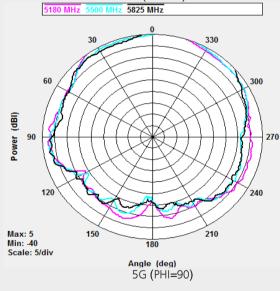
## Standards compliance

Item	Description					
C. f. t t l l.	UL 60950-1	IEC 60950-1	EN 60950	-1		
Safety standards	GB 4943	CAN/CSA 22.2 No	.60950-1			
	ETSI EN 300 328	ETSI EN 301 8	93	RSS-210		
	AS/NZS 4268	FCC Part 15C:	15.247	FCC Part 15	5C: 15.407	
Radio standards	China's SRRC docume	nt [2002] No. 353		China's SRF	RC document [2002] No. 277	
	China's SRRC docume	nt [2012] No. 620				
	EN 301 489-1	EN 301 489-17	ETSI EN 60	601-1-2	FCC Part 15	
EMC standards	ICES-003	YD/T 1312.2-2004	ITU k.20		GB 9254	
LIVIC Staridards	GB 17625.1	AS/NZS CISPR22	EN 55022		EN 55024	
	CISPR 22	CISPR 24	IEC61000-	4-6	IEC61000-4-2	
	IEEE 802.11a/b/g	IEEE 80	2.11n	IEEE	802.11ac	
IEEE standards	IEEE 802.11h	IEEE 80	2.11d	IEEE	802.11e	
TEEE Startaaras	IEEE 802.11k	IEEE 802.11u		IEEE 802.11v		
	IEEE 802.11w	IEEE 80.	2.11r			
	802.11i,Wi-Fi Protec	cted Access 2(WPA2),	WPA			
Security standards	802.1X					
Security Startauras	Advanced Encryption Standards(AES),Temporal Key Integrity Protocol(TKIP)					
	EAP Type(s)					
53.45	CENELEC EN 62311	CENELEC E	EN 50385	OET65		
EMF	RSS-102	FCC Part1&2		FCC KDB series		
RoHS	Directive 2002/95/EC & 2011/65/EU					
REACH	Regulation 1907/2006/EC					
WEEE	Directive 2002/96/EC	& 2012/19/EU				









### **Professional Service and Support**

Huawei WLAN planning tools deliver expert network design and optimization services using the most professional simulation platform in the industry. Backed by fifteen years of continuous investment in wireless technologies, extensive network planning and optimization experience, and rich expert resources, Huawei helps customers:

- Design, deploy, and operate a high-performance network that is reliable and secure.
- Maximize return on investment and reduce operating expenses.

### **More Information**

For more information, please visit http://e.huawei.com or contact your local Huawei office.

### Copyright © Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. 2017. All rights reserved.

No part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means without prior written consent of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

### **Trademark Notice**

HUAWEI, and are trademarks or registered trademarks of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

Other trademarks, product, service and company names mentioned are the property of their respective owners.

### **General Disclaimer**

The information in this document may contain predictive statements including, without limitation, statements regarding the future financial and operating results, future product portfolio, new technology, etc. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the predictive statements. Therefore, such information is provided for reference purpose only and constitutes neither an offer nor an acceptance. Huawei may change the information at any time without notice.

HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO.,LTD. Huawei Industrial Base Bantian Longgang Shenzhen 518129,P.R.China Tel: +86 755 28780808

www.huawei.com