

Huawei CloudEngine 12800 Switch Datasheet

Huawei CloudEngine 12800 series switches use an advanced hardware architecture design, providing as much as 178Tbit/s (scalable to 1032 Tbps) switching capacity and has up to 576*100GE, 576*40GE, 2,304*25GE, or 2,304*10GE line-rate ports.

Using Huawei's VRP8 software platform, CloudEngine 12800 series switches provide stable, reliable, and secure high-performance L2/L3 switching capabilities to help build an elastic, virtualized, and high-quality network.

Product Overview

The CloudEngine 12800 series switches are next-generation, high-performance core switches designed for data center networks and high-end campus networks. Using Huawei's next-generation VRP8 software platform, CloudEngine 12800 series switches provide stable, reliable, and secure high-performance L2/L3 switching capabilities to help build an elastic, virtualized, and high-quality network.

The CloudEngine 12800 series switches use an advanced hardware architecture design. The CloudEngine 12800 series provides as much as 178 Tbps (scalable to 1032 Tbps) switching capacity and has up to 576*100GE, 576*40GE, 2,304*25GE, or 2,304*10GE line-rate ports.

The CloudEngine 12800 series switches use an industry-leading Clos architecture and provide industrial-grade reliability. The switches support comprehensive virtualization capabilities along with data center service features. Their front-to-back airflow design suits data center equipment rooms, and the innovative energy conservation technologies greatly reduce power consumption.

Product Appearance

The CloudEngine 12800 series is available in five models: CloudEngine 12816, CloudEngine 12808, CloudEngine 12804, CloudEngine 12808S and CloudEngine 12804S.



Platform Chassis

The CloudEngine 12800 series is available in six models: CloudEngine 12816, CloudEngine 12808, CloudEngine 12804, CloudEngine 12808S, and CloudEngine 12804S.

CloudEngine 12804: 4-Slot Chassis



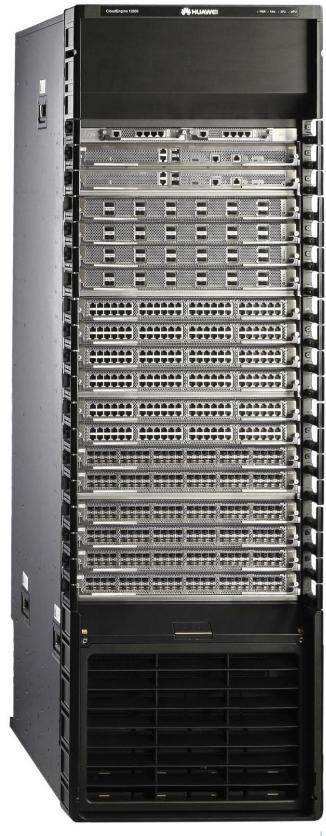
- Up to 2 Main Processing Units (MPUs)
- Up to 2 Centralized Monitoring Units (CMUs)
- Up to 4 LPUs
- Up to 6 Switch Fabric Units (SFUs)
- Up to 4 power modules
- Up to 9 fan modules

CloudEngine 12808: 8-Slot Chassis



- Up to 2 MPUs
- Up to 2 CMUs
- Up to 8 LPUs
- Up to 6 SFUs
- Up to 8 power modules
- Up to 13 fan modules

CloudEngine 12816: 16-Slot Chassis



- Up to 2 MPUs
- Up to 2 CMUs
- Up to 16 LPUs
- Up to 6 SFUs
- Up to 20 power modules
- Up to 23 fan modules

CloudEngine 12804S: 4-Slot Chassis



- Up to 2 MPUs
- Up to 4 LPUs
- Up to 2 SFUs
- Up to 4 power modules
- Up to 3 fan modules

CloudEngine 12808S: 8-Slot Chassis



- Up to 2 MPUs
- Up to 8 LPUs
- Up to 4 SFUs
- Up to 8 power modules
- Up to 6 fan modules

Centralized Monitoring Unit

The CE-CMU is the Centralized Monitoring Unit of the CloudEngine 12804/CloudEngine 12808/CloudEngine 12816 chassis and provides highly reliable device monitoring, management, and energy saving functions. A chassis can be configured with double CE-CMUs for 1:1 hot standby. This configuration improves system reliability.

CE-CMUs of the CloudEngine 12804/12808/12816 chassis include CE-CMUA and CE-CMUB. They differ in the following ways:

- The quantities of PMs and fan modules that they monitor and manage are different.
- They are applicable to different chassis models and installed in CMU slots with different slot IDs. The below table describes differences between the CE-CMUA and CE-CMUB.

CMU Model	Power Modules Monitored	Fan Modules Monitored	Applicable Chassis Model and Slot ID
CE-CMUA	A maximum of 12	A maximum of 17	 Slot 7 and slot 8 of the CloudEngine 12804 chassis Slot 11 and slot 12 of the CloudEngine 12808 chassis
CE-CMUB	A maximum of 20	A maximum of 23	Slot 19 and slot 20 of the CloudEngine 12816 chassis

Different CE-CMU models look the same except that they have different card name labels. The below figure shows the appearance of the CE-CMUA as an example.



Main Processing Units

The CE-MPUA/ CE-MPUB is the main control unit of the CloudEngine 12804/CloudEngine 12808/CloudEngine 12816 chassis and is responsible for system control and management. A chassis can be configured with double CE-MPUA cards for 1:1 hot standby. This configuration improves system reliability. The below figure shows the appearance of the CE-MPUA.



Power Supply

CloudEngine 12800 platform supports hot-swappable, AC, DC, and AC & high-voltage DC power supplies. N+1 and N+N redundancy modes are supported depending on the chassis configuration.

CloudEngine 12800 platform supports below power modules:

- 2200 W DC power module: 2200 W DC power module receives -48 V DC/-60 V DC input power and provides 48.5 V DC/2200 W output power, which use a front-to-back airflow design
- 3000 W AC & high-Voltage DC Power Module: 3000 W AC & high-voltage DC power module receives 220 V AC/110 V AC or 240 V DC input power and provides 53.5 V DC/3000 W output power, which use a front-to-back airflow design

Fan Trays

The hot-swappable fan trays support front-to-back cooling. Both fan trays work in 1+1 backup mode; each fan tray has two counter-rotating fans working in 1+1 backup mode, ensuring efficient heat dissipation.

NOTE

For detailed information of CloudEngine 12800 Platform information, visit https://support.huawei.com/enterprise/en/doc/EDOC1000013855?idPath=7919710%7C21782165%7C21782236%7C22318638%7C7542409.

Product Characteristics

Next-Generation Core Engine with the High Performance

1032 Tbps Switching Capacity

- The CloudEngine 12800 provides up to 178 Tbps (scalable to 1032 Tbps) switching capacity. This high capacity can support sustainable development of cloud-computing data centers for the next 10 years.
- The CloudEngine 12800, together with the CloudEngine 8800/CloudEngine 6800/CloudEngine 5800 series Top-of-Rack (ToR) switches, can implement large non-blocking switching network in the industry. This network can provide access for tens of thousands of 25GE/10GE/GE servers.

4T High-Density Line Cards

The forwarding capacity of a line card can reach up to 3.6 Tbps

- The CloudEngine 12800 supports 36*40GE, 36*100GE, 144*25GE, and 144*10GE line cards, which provide line-rate forwarding.
- The CloudEngine 12800 provides as many as 576*100GE, 576*40GE, 2,304*25GE, or 2,304*10GE line-rate ports.

Super-Large Buffer Size of 24 GB

All service ports (100GE/40GE/10GE/GE) provide a super high buffer capacity (up to 200 ms).

- The distributed buffer mechanism on inbound interfaces can effectively handle incast traffic loads in data centers.
- A line card provides up to 24 GB buffer, which is dynamically shared by interfaces to improve usage efficiency.

4M FIB Entries

- The CloudEngine 12800 series switches support up to 4 million FIB entries for use in large-scale container networks.
- MAC, FIB, ARP, and ACL entries can be changed flexibly to suit dynamic service requirements.

Comprehensive Virtualization Capabilities Implement Simple, Efficient Networking

VS Implements On-demand Resource Sharing

- High device virtualization capability: The CloudEngine 12800 uses Virtual System (VS) technology to provide an industry-leading virtualization capability that enables one switch to be virtualized into as many as 16 logical switches. This 1:16 ratio enables one core switch to manage services for an enterprise's multiple service areas such as production, office, and DMZ, or for multiple tenants.
- Higher security and reliability: VS technology divides a network into separate logical areas for service isolation. The failure of one virtual switch does not affect other virtual switches, enhancing network security.
- Lower CAPEX: VS technology improves the use efficiency of physical devices by implementing on-demand resource allocation. This ensures network scalability and reduces investment in devices.
- Lower OPEX: Using one physical device to implement multiple logical devices saves space in a data center equipment room and reduces the cost of device maintenance.

CSS Simplifies Network Management

- The CloudEngine 12800 uses industry-leading Cluster Switch System (CSS) technology, which can virtualize two physical switches into one logical switch to facilitate network management and improve reliability.
- The CloudEngine 12800 provides a cluster bandwidth of 3.2 Tbps. This super-high bandwidth prevents traffic bottlenecks on data center networks.
- The CloudEngine 12800 combines CSS and VS technologies to turn a network into a resource pool, enabling network resources to be allocated on demand. This on-demand resource allocation is ideal for the cloud-computing service model.

Network-Wide Reliability, Ensuring Zero Service Interruptions

- The management and control planes on one Multichassis Link Aggregation Group (M-LAG) node are independent from that on the other, which substantially improves system reliability.
- The two nodes of an M-LAG can be upgraded independently from each other. During the upgrade of one node, the other node takes over forwarding the services on the first node, ensuring that the services remain uninterrupted.
- M-LAG is able to seamlessly collaborate with CSS, thus enabling highly reliable 4-to-1 virtualization.
- With the comprehensive inter-device link aggregation technology, the device networking coupling relationship evolves from stacking at the control plane to the use of M-LAG and then finally to coupling-free M-LAG Lite. This achieves active-active server access and zero interruption of services when upgrading switches.

MACsec Hardware Encryption Ensures High Security and Reliability

The CloudEngine 12800 supports MACsec, which provides hop-by-hop data encryption and secure MAC-layer data sending and receiving services including user data encryption, data frame integrity check, and data source verification. The CloudEngine 12800 is applicable to networks that require high data confidentiality, such as those of government and finance institutions.

Virtualized Gateway Achieves Fast Service Deployment

- The CloudEngine 12800 can work with a mainstream virtualization platform. As the high-performance, hardware gateway of an overlay network (VXLAN), a CloudEngine series switch can support more than 16 million tenants.
- The CloudEngine 12800 can connect to a cloud platform using open API, allowing for unified management of software and hardware networks.
- This function implements fast service deployment without changing the customer network. It also protects customer investments.

VXLAN and EVPN Enable Flexible Expansion Within and Across Data Centers

- The CloudEngine 12800 supports Border Gateway Protocol Ethernet VPN (BGP-EVPN), which can run as the VXLAN control plane to simplify VXLAN deployment.
- BGP-EVPN triggers automatic VXLAN tunnel setup between virtual tunnel endpoints (VTEPs), removing the need for full-mesh tunnel configuration. BGP-EVPN also reduces flooding of unknown traffic by advertising MAC routes on the control plane. With this protocol, large Layer 2 networks can be established for data centers.
- Because BGP-EVPN is a standard protocol, the CloudEngine 12800 is interoperable with devices from other vendors, enabling long-term network evolution.
- The CloudEngine 12800 supports centralized and distributed VXLAN deployment and supports various VXLAN access modes, including QinQ access VXLAN and IPv6 over VXLAN. This allows for flexible customization of heterogeneous networks.
- EVPN and VXLAN can be used to set up Layer 2 interconnections between data centers, enabling active-active VXLAN deployment across data centers and conserving DCI link bandwidth.
- The CloudEngine 12800 supports IP packet fragmentation and reassembling, enabling oversized IP packets to travel across a WAN network without limited by the MTU. The switch can also identify fragmented packets to seamlessly interconnect with routers.
- The CloudEngine 12800 supports VXLAN mapping, implementing interconnection between multiple DCs at Layer 2, unified service provisioning and O&M, and inter-DC resource sharing.

Multicast-capable Distributed Gateways Implement On-demand Traffic Forwarding

VXLAN supports Layer 3 multicast. A multicast-capable gateway that functions as the VTEP node greatly reduces the east-west traffic bandwidth.

Openness and Programmability Enable Agile Deployment and O&M

OPS Implements Programmability at the Control Plane

- The CloudEngine 12800 uses the Open Programmability System (OPS) embedded in the VRP8 software platform to provide programmability at the control plane.
- The OPS provides open APIs. APIs can be integrated with mainstream cloud platforms (including commercial and open cloud platforms). The OPS enables services to be flexibly customized and provides automatic management.

- Users or third-party developers can use open APIs to develop and deploy specialized network management policies to implement extension of fast service functions, automatic deployment, and intelligent management. The OPS also implements automatic operation and maintenance, and reduces management costs.
- The OPS provides seamless integration of data center service and network in addition to a service-oriented, software-defined networking.

Standard Interfaces Provide Openness and Interoperability

- The CloudEngine 12800 supports NETCONF It can work with Huawei iMaster NCE-Fabric.
- The CloudEngine 12800 provides the standard NETCONF interface for third-party software to invoke. This enables programming of functions and integration with third-party software, providing openness and flexibility.
- You can use CloudEngine modules for Ansible released on open-source websites and Ansible tools to automate network deployment, simplifying device management and maintenance. Through in-depth collaboration with mainstream cloud platforms, and O&M tools, the CloudEngine 12800 series switches can be integrated into SDN and cloud computing platforms flexibly and quickly.

ZTP, Agile Network Deployment

- The CloudEngine 12800 supports Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP). ZTP enables the CloudEngine 12800 to automatically obtain and load version files from a USB flash drive or file server, freeing network engineers from onsite configuration or deployment. ZTP reduces labor costs and improves device deployment efficiency.
- ZTP provides built-in scripts for users through open APIs. Data center personnel can use the programming language they are familiar with, such as Python, to provide unified configuration of network devices.
- ZTP decouples configuration time of new devices from device quantity and area distribution, which improves service provisioning efficiency.

FabricInsight-based Intelligent O&M

• The CloudEngine 12800 provides telemetry technology to collect device data in real time and send the data to Huawei data center network analyzer iMaster NCE-FabricInsight. The iMaster NCE-FabricInsight analyzes network data based on the intelligent fault identification algorithm, accurately displays the real-time network status, effectively demarcates and locates faults in a timely manner, and identifies network problems that affect user experience, accurately guaranteeing user experience.

iMaster NCE-based Simplified Network Deployment

• CloudEngine 12800 series switches can interconnect with iMaster NCE-Fabric through standard protocols such as NetConf and SNMP to implement network automatic management and control, providing more efficient and intelligent operation methods, simplifying network management, and reducing the OPEX.

Advanced Architecture Ensures Industry-Leading Network Quality

High-Performance, Non-blocking Switching Architecture

- The CloudEngine 12800 has a non-blocking switching architecture that is characterized by its orthogonal switch fabric design, Clos architecture, cell switching, Virtual Output Queuing (VoQ), and super-large buffer size.
- Orthogonal switch fabric design: CloudEngine 12800 service line cards and switch fabric units (SFUs) use an orthogonal design in which service traffic between line cards is directly sent to the SFUs through orthogonal connectors. This approach reduces backplane cabling and minimizes signal attenuation. The orthogonal design can support signal rates as high as 25 Gbps per SerDes, which is 2.5 times the industry average. This design greatly improves system bandwidth and evolution capabilities, enabling the system switching capacity to scale to more than 100 Tbps.
- Clos architecture: The CloudEngine 12800's three-level Clos architecture permits flexible expansion of switch fabric capacity. The architecture uses Variable Size Cell (VSC) and provides dynamic routing. Load balancing among multiple switch fabrics prevents the switching matrix from being blocked and easily copes with complex, volatile traffic in data centers.
- VoQ: The CloudEngine 12800 supports 96,000 VoQ queues that implement fine-grained Quality of Service (QoS) based
 on the switch fabrics. With the VOQ mechanism and super-large buffer on inbound interfaces, the CloudEngine 12800 creates
 independent VOQ queues on inbound interfaces to perform end-to-end flow control on traffic destined for different outbound
 interfaces. This method ensures unified service scheduling and sequenced forwarding and implements non-blocking switching.

Highly Reliable Industry-grade Hardware Architecture

- Hot backup of five key components: Main Processing Units (MPUs) and Centralized Monitoring Unit (CMUs) work in 1+1 hot backup mode. SFUs work in N+M hot backup mode. Power supplies support dual inputs and N+N backup and have their own fans. Both fan trays work in 1+1 backup mode; each fan tray has two counter-rotating fans working in 1+1 backup mode, ensuring efficient heat dissipation.
- Redundancy of three types of major buses: Monitoring, management, and data buses all work in 1+1 backup mode. Bus redundancy ensures reliable signal transmission.
- Independent triple-plane design: The independent control, data, and monitoring planes of the CloudEngine 12800 improve system reliability and ensure service continuity.

High-Performance VRP8 Software Architecture

- The CloudEngine 12800 takes advantage of Huawei's next-generation VRP8, a high-performance, highly reliable modular software platform that provides continuous services.
- Fine-grained distributed architecture: VRP8, the industry's high-end software platform, uses a fine-grained, fully distributed architecture that can process network protocols and services concurrently using multiple instances. This architecture takes full advantage of multi-core/multi-CPU processes to maximize performance and reliability.

Pioneering Energy-saving Technology

Strict Front-to-Back Airflow Design

- The CloudEngine 12800 uses a patented front-to-back airflow design that isolates cold air channels from hot air channels. This design meets heat dissipation requirements in data center equipment rooms.
- Line cards and SFUs use independent airflow channels, which solve the problems of mixing hot and cold air and cascade heating, and effectively reduce energy consumption in equipment rooms.
- Each fan tray has two counter-rotating fans, ensuring efficient heat dissipation.
- The fan speed in each area can be dynamically adjusted based on the workload of line cards in the area. This on-demand cooling design lowers power consumption and reduces noise.

Low Power Consumption

- The CloudEngine 12800 uses innovative energy saving technologies. The port power consumption is merely half of the industry average. It greatly reduces power consumption in the data center equipment room.
- Miercom has performed a series of strict tests for the CloudEngine 12800, proving its low power consumption.

Efficient, Intelligent Power Supply System

- The CloudEngine 12800 incorporates efficient digital power modules, which provide power efficiency of 96 percent.
- The power supply system measures power consumption in real time and puts one or more power modules into sleep mode when system power demands are low.
- The CloudEngine 12800 can save energy dynamically by adjusting the power consumption of components to adapt to changes in service traffic volume.

Licensing

CloudEngine 12800 supports both the traditional feature based licensing mode and the latest Huawei IDN One Software (N1 Huawei IDN One Software (N1 mode for short) licensing mode. The CloudFabric N1 business model combines the NCE controller, analyzer and CloudEngine switch software for use in a range of common scenarios. This simplifies transactions, provides customers with more functions and value, and protects their software investment with Software License Portability.

Product	Feature	N1 Mandatory Software Packages			N1 Add on S Packages	oftware
CloudEngine 12800 series switch		Foundation	Advanced	Premium	Security Function Package	Multi-cloud Multi-DC Value- added Package

Product	Feature	N1 Mandatory S	Software Packag	jes	N1 Add on S Packages	oftware
	Basic software	√	√	√		
	IPv6	V	√	V		
	VXLAN	V	V	V		
	Lossless upgrade	√	√	√		
	VS	√	V	V		
	Telemetry	√	V	V		
	MPLS		V	V		
	MACsec				V	
iMaster NCE- Fabric controller	SDN Automation	√	V	V		
	Basic intent functions (simulation and verification, and network- wide configuration rollback)			1		
	Multi-cloud multi-DC function					1
iMaster NCE- FabricInsight analyzer	Basic network analysis functions of Telemetry	V	V	٧		
	Network health ("1-3-5" intelligent O&M)		٧	٧		
	Value-added functions for network traffic analysis (managing 100 VMs)			√		
Version mapping		Select one from three options. The Advanced software package contains functions of the Foundation software package, and the Premium software package contains functions of the Advanced software package.		of the e Premium	It is used with the Foundation, Advanced, or Premium software package.	It is used with the Foundation, Advanced, or Premium software package.
For details about pro	duct function differ	ences, refer to the	product documenta	tion.		

Note: For detailed information of Huawei CloudFabric N1 business model, visit https://e.huawei.com/en/material/networking/dcswitch/03a0e69bfa2c4f168323ba94a75f1f09.

Product Specifications

Note: This content is applicable only to regions outside mainland China. Huawei reserves the right to interpret this content.

Functions and Features

Item	CloudEngine 12804S	CloudEngin e 12808S	CloudEngine 12804	CloudEngine 12808	CloudEngine 12816	
Switching capacity (Tbps)	30/258 ¹	59/516 ¹	45/258 ¹	89/516 ¹	178/1032 ¹	
Forwarding rate (Mpps)	17,280	34,560	17,280	34,560	69,120	
Service slots	4	8	4	8	16	
Switching fabric module slots	2	4	6	6	6	
Fabric architecture	Clos architecture, ce	ll switching, VoQ,	and distributed larç	ge buffer		
Airflow design	Strict front-to-back					
Device	Virtual System (VS)					
virtualization	Cluster Switch Syste	m (CSS)				
Network	M-LAG					
virtualization	VXLAN routing and b	ridging				
	EVPN					
	QinQ access VXLAN					
SDN	iMaster NCE-Fabric					
Network	DCBX, PFC, and ET	DCBX, PFC, and ETS				
convergence	RDMA and RoCE (R	RDMA and RoCE (RoCEv1 and RoCEv2)				
Data center	BGP-EVPN					
interconnect (DCI)	VXLAN mapping, imp	olementing interco	nnection between	multiple DCI networ	ks at Layer 2	
Programmability	OpenFlow					
	OPS programming					
	Ansible-based autom	atic configuration	and open-source r	module release		
Traffic analysis	NetStream					
	sFlow					
VLAN	Adding access, trunk, and hybrid interfaces to VLANs					
	Default VLAN					
	QinQ					
	MUX VLAN					
	GVRP					
MAC address	Dynamic learning and aging of MAC addresses					

Item	CloudEngine 12804S	CloudEngin e 12808S	CloudEngine 12804	CloudEngine 12808	CloudEngine 12816		
	Static, dynamic, and blackhole MAC address entries						
	Packet filtering base	Packet filtering based on source MAC addresses MAC address limiting based on ports and VLANs					
	MAC address limiting						
IP routing	IPv4 routing protocol	s, such as RIP, O	SPF, IS-IS, and BG	SP.			
	IPv6 routing protocol	s, such as RIPng,	OSPFv3, IS-ISv6,	and BGP4+			
	IP packet fragmentat	ion and reassemb	ling				
IPv6	VXLAN over IPv6						
	IPv6 VXLAN over IPv	v4					
	IPv6 Neighbor Disco	very (ND)					
	Path MTU Discovery	(PMTU)					
	TCP6, ping IPv6, trad	cert IPv6, socket I	Pv6, UDP6, and ra	w IPv6			
Multicast	IGMP, PIM-SM, PIM	-DM, MSDP, and	MBGP				
	IGMP snooping						
	IGMP proxy						
	Fast leaving of multicast member interfaces						
	Multicast traffic suppression						
	Multicast VLAN						
	Multicast VXLAN						
Reliability	Link Aggregation Co	Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)					
	STP, RSTP, VBST, and MSTP						
	BPDU protection, root protection, and loop protection						
	Smart Link and multi-instance						
	Device Link Detection Protocol (DLDP)						
	Ethernet Ring Protect	ction Switching (EF	RPS, G.8032)				
	Hardware-based Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)						
	VRRP, VRRP load b	VRRP, VRRP load balancing, and BFD for VRRP					
	BFD for BGP/IS-IS/OSPF/Static route						
	BFD for VXLAN						
QoS	Traffic classification based on Layer 2, Layer 3, Layer 4, and priority information				ion		
	Actions including AC	L, CAR, and re-m	arking				
	Queue scheduling m	odes such as PQ	WFQ, and PQ+WI	- Q			
	Congestion avoidance	ce mechanisms, in	cluding WRED and	I tail drop			
	Traffic shaping						
O&M	Network-wide path d	etection					

Item	CloudEngine 12804S	CloudEngin e 12808S	CloudEngine 12804	CloudEngine 12808	CloudEngine 12816		
	Telemetry						
	Statistics on the buffe	er microburst statu	ıs				
	VXLAN OAM: VXLAI	N ping, VXLAN tra	cert				
Configuration and	Console, Telnet, and	SSH terminals					
maintenance	Network managemen	nt protocols, such	as SNMPv1/v2c/v3	3			
	File upload and dowr	File upload and download through FTP and TFTP					
	BootROM upgrade a	BootROM upgrade and remote upgrade					
	Hot patches						
	User operation logs	User operation logs					
	Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP)						
Security and	RADIUS and HWTA	CACS authenticat	ion for login users				
management	Command line authority control based on user levels, preventing unauthorized users from commands		d users from using				
DoS, ARP, MAC address attacks, broadcast storms, and heavy-traffic and ICMP attack d				MP attack defenses			
	Ping and traceroute						
	Remote Network Mo	nitoring (RMON)					

1. Roadmap

Hardware Specifications

Item	CloudEngin e 12804S	CloudEngine 12808S	CloudEngine 12804	CloudEngine 12808	CloudEngine 12816
Dimensions (W x D x H)	442 mm x 620 mm x 352.8 mm (8 U)	442 mm x 620 mm x 708.4 mm (16 U)	442 mm x 813 mm x 486.15 mm (11 U)	442 mm x 813 mm x 752.85 mm (17 U)	442 mm x 905 mm x 1597.4 mm (36 U)
Chassis weight (empty)	< 60 kg/132 lb	< 100 kg/220 lb	< 91 kg/201 lb	< 120 kg/265 lb	< 222 kg/489 lb
Operating voltage	AC: 90 V to 290	V DC: -40 V to	-72 V HVDC: 18	38 V to 288 V	
Hot swappable (power modules)	Yes				
Max. power supply (W)	6000	12000	6000	12000	30000
Operating temperature	_	Long-term working temperature: 0°C to 40°C Short-term working temperature: -5°C to +55°C			
Nonoperating (storage) temperature	-40°C to +70°C				
Humidity	Long-term operating humidity: 5% to 85%, non-condensing Short-term operating humidity: 0% to 95%, non-condensing				

Item	CloudEngin e 12804S	CloudEngine 12808S	CloudEngine 12804	CloudEngine 12808	CloudEngine 12816	
Altitude	Operating altitud	e:<1800 Storaç	ge altitude:<5000m			
MTBF	39.02 years	34.72 years	40.28 years	35.11 years	32.00 years	
MTTR	1 hours					
MTTF	39.02 years	34.72 years	40.28 years	35.11 years	32.00 years	
Availability	0.99999667	0.99999619	0.9999972	0.9999967	0.9999964326	
Power supply backup	Dual power supply systems: N+N (N ≤ 2) Single power supply system: N+1	Dual power supply systems: N+N (N ≤ 4) Single power supply system: N+1	Dual power supply systems: N+N (N ≤ 2) Single power supply system: N+1	Dual power supply systems: N+N (N ≤ 4) Single power supply system: N+1	Dual power supply systems: N+N (N ≤ 10) Single power supply system: N+1	
Fan module backup	3 fan assemblies	6 fan assemblies	9 fan assemblies	13 fan assemblies	23 fan assemblies	
Device management backup	Two CANBuses	Two CANBuses on the backplane, in 1+1 hot backup				
MPU backup	MPUs in 1: 1 hot	MPUs in 1: 1 hot standby (HSB) mode				
SFU backup	SFUs in N+M backup					
CMU backup	1: 1 backup (CloudEngine 12800S CMU is integrated in MPU slots)					
Hot swapping	Supported by po	wer modules, fan n	nodules, and cards			

Safety and Regulatory Compliance

The following table lists the safety and regulatory compliance of CloudEngine switches.

Certification Category	Description
Safety	 EN 60950-1 EN 60825-1 EN 60825-2 UL 60950-1 CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1 IEC 60950-1 AS/NZS 60950-1 GB4943
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	 EN 300386 EN 55032: CLASS A EN 55024 IEC/EN 61000-3-2 IEC/EN 61000-3-3 FCC 47CFR Part15 CLASS A ICES-003: CLASS A CISPR 32: CLASS A

Certification Category	Description
	CISPR 24
	AS/NZS CISPR32
	VCCI- CISPR32: CLASS A
	• GB9254 CLASS A
Environment	• 2011/65/EU EN 50581
	• 2012/19/EU EN 50419
	• (EC) No.1907/2006
	• GB/T 26572
	• ETSI EN 300 019-1-1
	• ETSI EN 300 019-1-2
	• ETSI EN 300 019-1-3
	ETSI EN 300 753 GR63

Note

EMC: electromagnetic compatibility

CISPR: International Special Committee on Radio Interference

EN: European Standard

ETSI: European Telecommunications Standards Institute

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

FCC: Federal Communication Commission

IEC: International Electrotechnical Commission

AS/NZS: Australian/New Zealand Standard

VCCI: Voluntary Control Council for Interference

UL: Underwriters Laboratories

CSA: Canadian Standards Association

Supported MIBs

For details about the MIB information, visit

https://support.huawei.com/hedex/hdx.do?docid=EDOC1100101217&lang=en&idPath=24030814%7C21782165%7C21782236%7C22318638%7C7542409

Optical Transceivers and Cable

For details about the optical transceivers and cables information, visit https://e.huawei.com/en/material/networking/dcswitch/f6d91cf16df0474998087676a33fd41e.

Ordering Information

Basic Configuration	
CE-RACK-A01	FR42812 Assembly Rack (800x1200x2000mm)
CE12804S-AC1	CE12804S AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis(with Fans)
CE12804SA-B2	CE12804S Bundle2 (Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,2*SFUC-S,2*PHD-3000WA)

Basic Configuration	
CE12804SA-B3	CE12804S Bundle3 (AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,2*SFUF-S,2*PHD-3000WA)
CE12804SA-B6	CE12804S Bundle 6(AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,2*SFUG-S,2*PHD-3000WA)
CE12804SA-BB	CE12804S Bundle B (Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,2*SFUC-S,2*PHD-3000WA,2*CE-L24LQ-EC1,OS)
CE12804SA-BD	CE12804S BundleD(AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUC-S,2*SFUG-S,2*PHD-3000WA)
CE12808S-AC1	CE12808S AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis(with Fans)
CE12808SA-B2	CE12808S Bundle2 (Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,3*SFUC-S,2*PHD-3000WA)
CE12808SA-B3	CE12808S Bundle3 (AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,4*SFUF-S,2*PHD-3000WA)
CE12808SA-B8	CE12808S Bundle 8(AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,4*SFUG-S,2*PHD-3000WA,2*CE-L36CQ-SD,2*CE-L48XS-FD)
CE12808SA-BB	CE12808S Bundle B (Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,4*SFUC-S,2*PHD-3000WA,2*CE-L24LQ-EC1,OS)
CE12804S-DC	CE12804S DC Assembly Chassis (with Fans)
CE12804SD-B2	CE12804S DC Bundle2 (DC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,2*SFUC-S,2*PDC-2200WA)
CE12808S-DC	CE12808S DC Assembly Chassis (with Fans)
CE12808SD-B0	CE12808S DC Bundle0 (DC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,2*SFUB-S,4*PDC-2200WA)
CE12808SD-B1	CE12808S DC Bundle1 (DC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,4*SFUB-S,4*PDC-2200WA)
CE12808SD-B2	CE12808S DC Bundle2 (DC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA-S,3*SFUC-S,4*PDC-2200WA)
CE12804-AC	CE12804 AC Assembly Chassis (with CMUs and Fans)
CE12804-AC1	CE12804 AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis(with CMUs and Fans)
CE12804A-B08	CE12804 Bundle8 (AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA,5*SFU04G,4*PHD-3000WA)
CE12804A-B11	CE12804 Bundle11 (AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUB,5*SFU04G1,4*PHD-3000WA)
CE12808-AC	CE12808 AC Assembly Chassis (with CMUs and Fans)
CE12808-AC1	CE12808 AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis(with CMUs and Fans)
CE12808A-B08	CE12808 Bundle8 (AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA,5*SFU08G,4*PHD-3000WA)
CE12808A-B12	CE12808 Bundle12 (AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUB,4*SFU08F1,4*PHD-3000WA)
CE12808A-B13	CE12808 Bundle13 (AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUB,5*SFU08G1,4*PHD-3000WA)
CE12816-AC	CE12816 AC Assembly Chassis (with CMUs and Fans)
CE12816-AC1	CE12816 AC/HVDC Assembly Chassis(with CMUs and Fans)
CE12816A-B02	CE12816 AC Bundle2 (AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUA,5*SFU16B,8*PHD-3000WA)
CE12816A-B10	CE12816 Bundle10 (AC Assembly Chassis,2*MPUB,4*SFU16F1,4*PHD-3000WA)
CE12804-DC	CE12804 DC Assembly Chassis (with CMUs and Fans)
CE12808-DC	CE12808 DC Assembly Chassis (with CMUs and Fans)
CE12816-DC	CE12816 DC Assembly Chassis (with CMUs and Fans)

Main Processing Unit	
CE-MPU-S	CE12800S Main Processing Unit
CE-MPU	Main Processing Unit

Switch Fabric Unit ²	
CE-SFU-S	CE12800S Switch Fabric
CE-SFU04	CE12804 Switch Fabric
CE-SFU08	CE12808 Switch Fabric
CE-SFU16	CE12816 Switch Fabric

^{»»2} Fx series interface cards must be used with F or G series switch fabric units. For example, a CE-L36CQ-FD interface card must be used with CE-SFUxxG switch fabric units.

GE BASE-T Interface Card	
CE-L48GT-EA	48-Port 10/100/1000BASE-T Interface Card (RJ45)

10GBASE-T Interface Card	
CE-L48XT-EC	48-port 100M/1000M/10G BASE-T Interface Card (RJ45)

10GBASE-X Interface Card	
CE-L48XS	48-Port 10GBASE-X Interface Card (SFP/SFP+)

40GE Interface Card	
CE-L24LQ	24-Port 40G Interface Card (QSFP+)
CE-L36LQ	36-Port 40G Interface Card (QSFP+)

100GE Interface Card	
CE-L04CF	4-Port 100G Interface Card (CFP)
CE-L12CQ	12-Port 100G Interface Card (QSFP28)
CE-L16CQ	16-Port 100G Interface Card (QSFP28)
CE-L36CQ	36-Port 100G Interface Card (QSFP28)

Power	
PAH-3000WA	3000W Dual Inputs AC&HVDC Power Module
PDC-2200WA	2200W DC Power Supply

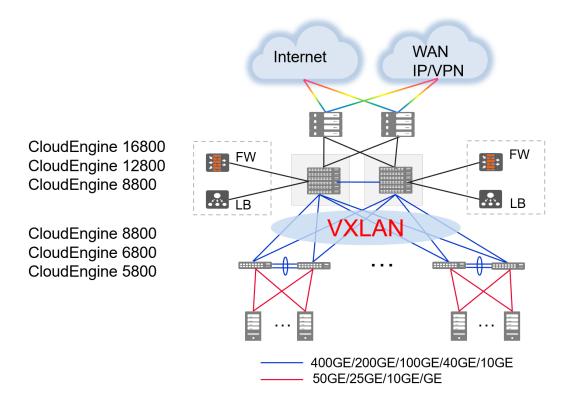
Software	
CE128-LIC-B29	CloudEngine 12800 Basic SW,V200R019
CE128-LIC-MPLS	MPLS Function License
CE128-LIC-VS	Virtual System Function License
CE128-LIC-IPV6	IPV6 Function License
CE128-LIC-TLM	CE12800 Telemetry Function
CE128-LIC-MACSEC	CE12800 MACsec Function
N1-CE128LIC-CFFD	N1-CloudFabric Foundation SW License for CloudEngine 12800
N1-CE128CFFD-SnS1Y	N1-CloudFabric Foundation SW License for CloudEngine 12800-SnS-1 Year
N1-CE128LIC-CFAD	N1-CloudFabric Advanced SW License for CloudEngine 12800
N1-CE128CFAD-SnS1Y	N1-CloudFabric Advanced SW License for CloudEngine 12800-SnS-1 Year
N1-CE128LIC-SEC	N1-CloudEngine 12800 Security Function
N1-CE128SEC-SnS1Y	N1-CloudEngine 12800 Security Function-SnS-1 Year
N1-CE128LIC-CFPM	N1-CloudFabric Premium SW License for CloudEngine 12800
N1-CE128CFPM-SnS1Y	N1-CloudFabric Premium SW License for CloudEngine 12800 -SnS-1 Year
N1-CE-M-LIC-MDCA	N1-CloudEngine Data Center Switch Multi-cloud Multi-DC Value-added Package - Modular
N1-CEMMDCA-SnS1Y	N1-CloudEngine Data Center Switch Multi-cloud Multi-DC Value-added Package, Per Modular device -SnS-Year

Networking and Application

Data Center Applications

On a typical data center network, CloudEngine 16800/12800/8800 switches work as core switches, whereas CloudEngine 8800/6800/5800 switches work as ToR switches and connect to the core switches using 100GE/40GE/10GE ports. These switches use a fabric protocols to establish a non-blocking large Layer 2 network, which allows large-scale VM migrations and flexible service deployments.

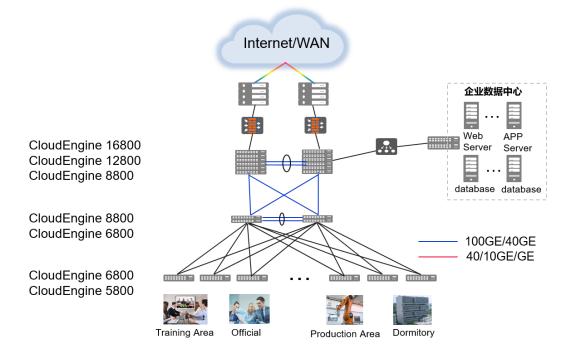
Note: VXLAN can be also used on campus networks to support flexible service deployments in different service areas.



Campus Network Applications

On a typical campus network, multiple CloudEngine 16800/12800/8800 switches are virtualized into a logical core switch using CSS or iStack technology. Multiple CloudEngine 8800/6800 switches at the aggregation layer form a logical switch using iStack technology. CSS and iStack improve network reliability and simplify network management.

Note: CSS, iStack, and M-LAG are also widely used in data centers to facilitate network management.



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